

# Digital Banking Transformation AI Enhances Efficiency And Customer Experience Seminar Perspective Industry

Dede Arisko Agustawan

University of Indonesia, Jakarta, Indonesia  
dedeariskoagustiawan@gmail.com

## Article

Submitted: 11-04-2024

Reviewed: 13-05-2024

Accepted: 27-06-2024

Published: 30-06-2024

## DOI:

10.32509/wacana.v23i1.4130



This work is licensed under a  
Creative Commons Attribution-  
NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0.

Volume : 23  
No. : 1  
Month : June  
Year : 2024  
Page : 191-200

## Abstract

This study examines the transformative impact of artificial intelligence (AI) on operational efficiency in the Indonesian banking sector. It investigates how AI technologies enhance responsiveness to customer inquiries, streamline service processes, and improve overall customer satisfaction. Using a qualitative approach, the research integrates literature reviews, in-depth interviews, and case studies to comprehensively analyze AI adoption and its implications. The findings demonstrate that AI implementation not only boosts operational efficiency but also facilitates personalized customer service through advanced data analytics and AI-driven automation. The study emphasizes the importance of transparent AI algorithms and robust data protection measures to address ethical considerations and ensure adherence to Sharia principles. Insights from leading banks such as Bank Mandiri and Bank BRI highlight substantial reductions in operational costs and enhanced service capabilities following AI integration. This research contributes to a deeper understanding of AI's role in shaping contemporary banking services and provides strategic recommendations for optimizing AI applications in Indonesian banks.

**Keywords:** artificial intelligence, banking efficiency, customer service, Indonesia, Sharia principles

## Abstrak

Penelitian ini mengkaji dampak transformatif kecerdasan buatan (AI) terhadap efisiensi operasional di sektor perbankan Indonesia. Penelitian ini menyelidiki bagaimana teknologi AI meningkatkan responsifitas terhadap pertanyaan pelanggan, menyederhanakan proses layanan, dan meningkatkan kepuasan pelanggan secara keseluruhan. Dengan pendekatan kualitatif, penelitian ini mengintegrasikan tinjauan literatur, wawancara mendalam, dan analisis studi kasus untuk menganalisis adopsi AI secara komprehensif dan implikasinya. Temuan penelitian menunjukkan bahwa implementasi AI tidak hanya meningkatkan efisiensi operasional tetapi juga memfasilitasi layanan pelanggan yang personal melalui analitika data canggih dan otomatisasi AI. Studi ini menekankan pentingnya algoritma AI yang transparan dan langkah-langkah perlindungan data yang kuat untuk mengatasi pertimbangan etis dan memastikan kepatuhan terhadap prinsip syariah. Insight dari bank-bank terkemuka seperti Bank Mandiri dan Bank BRI menyoroti penurunan biaya operasional yang signifikan dan peningkatan kemampuan layanan setelah integrasi AI. Penelitian ini berkontribusi pada pemahaman yang lebih dalam mengenai peran AI dalam membentuk layanan perbankan modern dan memberikan rekomendasi strategis untuk optimalisasi aplikasi AI di bank-bank Indonesia.

**Kata Kunci:** kecerdasan buatan, efisiensi perbankan, layanan pelanggan, Indonesia, prinsip Syariah

## INTRODUCTION

In today's dynamic digital landscape, the banking sector stands at the forefront of technological transformation driven by artificial intelligence (AI). This era of digitalization has reshaped how banks deliver services, with AI Telecalling emerging as a pivotal innovation. AI Telecalling

leverages artificial intelligence to efficiently manage customer interactions, significantly impacting operational efficiency and enhancing customer experiences (Hastuti, 2021). This essay delves into the profound influence of AI Telecalling on modern banking services, focusing on its role in improving operational efficiency, expediting response times to customer inquiries, and enhancing the personalization of financial services. The integration of AI technologies has revolutionized customer interactions within the banking sector, underscoring its transformative potential (Ramadhani et al., 2023).

Despite its advantages, the adoption of AI Telecalling presents challenges alongside opportunities for enhancing customer experiences and operational success in banking. The Indonesian banking sector, exemplified by institutions like Bank BRI, faced significant operational hurdles prior to AI implementation. Issues such as surges in customer interactions often led to prolonged wait times and dissatisfaction (Threestayanti, 2022). However, through advanced AI solutions, these challenges have been mitigated. AI systems now adeptly recognize customer behavior patterns, provide tailored product recommendations, and autonomously address common queries, thereby improving response times and elevating customer satisfaction levels (Threestayanti, 2022). This case underscores AI's transformative impact in Indonesian banking, showcasing enhanced operational efficiency alongside superior customer experiences.

The application of AI in banking transcends mere efficiency gains, extending to the creation of personalized and responsive service offerings. AI's capacity to process vast amounts of real-time data enables banks to derive deep insights, anticipate market trends, and adapt swiftly to customer needs. However, alongside its benefits, AI implementation presents formidable challenges such as the necessity for robust technological infrastructure, organizational adaptability, and cultural adjustments within banking institutions. Thus, understanding AI's effective application in banking requires a balanced consideration of its benefits, challenges, and transformative potential.

AI's integration in banking streamlines operations by automating routine tasks, exemplified through chatbots and virtual assistants. These AI-driven interfaces adeptly handle common inquiries and basic transactions such as balance checks and fund transfers, reducing dependency on human intervention and optimizing labor utilization (Fidiyanti et al., 2023). Moreover, AI automates back-office functions like document processing and data management, enhancing operational efficiency through technologies such as Optical Character Recognition (OCR) that minimize manual data entry (Fidiyanti et al., 2023).

AI enhances banking processes through advanced data analytics and automated decision-making. It accelerates data analysis for generating financial reports, conducting risk assessments, and detecting anomalies, thereby streamlining operational workflows and trimming operational costs (Permatasari et al., 2021). Furthermore, AI facilitates real-time credit decision-making by analyzing historical data and customer behavior, reducing the time and resources traditionally expended on manual credit evaluations (Bagus Kusuma Wijaya et al., 2022).

AI plays a pivotal role in fortifying banking security by preemptively detecting fraudulent activities through meticulous analysis of transactional patterns and customer behavior (Permatasari et al., 2021). By deploying AI-driven identity verification systems, banks enhance accuracy and preempt potential errors, safeguarding against financial losses attributed to human oversight (Permatasari et al., 2021).

The integration of AI technologies across banking operations not only augments efficiency but also fosters cost savings and elevates customer service standards. By optimizing resource allocation and focusing on strategic imperatives, banks can deliver enhanced value propositions to customers and stakeholders alike.

AI serves as a linchpin in enhancing banking efficiency through automation of customer service interactions, back-office tasks, and decision-making processes. Its ability to expedite data analysis and fortify security protocols underscores its transformative potential within the banking sector. By

integrating AI technologies, banks enhance responsiveness and operational resilience, catering adeptly to evolving customer demands.

Despite its manifold advantages, AI implementation in banking confronts challenges encompassing initial capital outlay, organizational resistance to change, and stringent regulatory compliance requirements. Overcoming these hurdles necessitates strategic investments in technological infrastructure, cultural realignment, and comprehensive workforce training to foster seamless integration and operational efficacy.

AI's ascendancy reshapes banking strategies by augmenting data-driven decision-making capabilities, fostering innovation in service delivery, and fortifying operational frameworks against evolving risks. By cultivating personalized service offerings and fortifying customer trust through enhanced security measures, banks position themselves competitively in a digitally driven marketplace.

Successful deployment of AI in banking hinges upon foundational theories, pivotal concepts, and operational models that underpin its efficacy and sustainability. This study delves into economic efficiency theories that advocate for AI-driven automation to maximize output and minimize costs, thereby enhancing operational efficiency within banking (Putri & Rusmita, 2020). Additionally, it explores the Big Data processing models that facilitate predictive analytics and data mining, enabling banks to glean actionable insights for strategic decision-making (Perdana, 2021). Moreover, the study examines machine learning concepts pivotal in fortifying banking security and refining customer service through AI-driven innovations (Muhammad Ghifary et al., 2023).

AI stands as a transformative force driving operational efficiency and customer-centricity within the banking sector. By harnessing AI technologies, banks in Indonesia can navigate the complexities of digital transformation, innovate dynamically, and cater adeptly to evolving customer expectations. However, realizing AI's full potential requires strategic foresight, meticulous planning, and a steadfast commitment to overcoming implementation challenges. As the banking landscape evolves, AI emerges not merely as a technological enabler but as a cornerstone for sustainable growth and competitive differentiation in a digitized economy.

This research seeks to explore the role of AI technology in bolstering operational efficiency within Indonesian banking, identifying opportunities for leveraging AI applications. Specifically, the study aims to elucidate how AI reduces response times to customer inquiries, streamlines service processes, and enhances overall customer satisfaction. Furthermore, it investigates AI's contribution to operational cost savings through process automation, examines its role in fostering innovative product development, and assesses its potential for creating competitive advantages through improved efficiency and decision-making. Ultimately, this research endeavors to provide comprehensive insights into AI's role in the digital transformation of banking services in Indonesia.

## METHODS

This research employs a multifaceted qualitative approach to investigate the transformative effects of artificial intelligence (AI) on operational efficiency within the banking sector in Indonesia. The methodology integrates three primary research methods: literature studies, in-depth interviews, and case study analyses, each playing a crucial role in comprehensively exploring AI adoption and its implications (Arfaizar, et al., 2023).

Literature Studies provide the foundational knowledge essential for understanding AI's theoretical underpinnings and its applications in banking. Academic journals offer insights into AI technologies such as machine learning and robotic process automation, elucidating their potential contributions to enhancing banking operations. Books and industry reports further contribute by detailing AI's historical evolution and current trends in the financial sector, laying a solid groundwork for formulating research hypotheses. (Azzahra, B. 2021).

In-Depth Interviews constitute a pivotal aspect of the research design, enabling the capture of nuanced perspectives from key stakeholders within Indonesian banks. Through semi-structured

interviews with AI specialists, IT managers, and senior executives, researchers aim to uncover insights into the motivations behind AI adoption, encountered challenges, perceived benefits, and future prospects. Thematic analysis of interview transcripts allows for the identification of recurring themes and insightful narratives, enriching the qualitative data analysis (Elfrida, et al., 2024)

Case Study Analysis supplements the qualitative inquiry by offering detailed examinations of AI implementation within selected Indonesian banking institutions. By studying prominent banks known for their proactive AI strategies, researchers can delve into specific contexts, challenges, and outcomes associated with AI integration. Cross-case analysis across multiple institutions facilitates a comparative analysis, revealing commonalities, differences, and overarching themes that contribute to a deeper understanding of AI's impacts on banking efficiency.

In conclusion, this integrated research methodology aims to provide a comprehensive and holistic view of AI's role in enhancing banking efficiency in Indonesia. By synthesizing theoretical insights from literature studies with practical perspectives gained from interviews and case studies, the research not only advances scholarly understanding but also offers actionable insights for stakeholders looking to navigate AI-driven transformations in the banking sector. This approach contributes to the broader discourse on AI adoption in financial services, guiding future research and facilitating informed decision-making among industry practitioners and policymakers alike.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### **Ethical Aspects in the Use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Sharia Banking Services.**

The ethical implications of integrating artificial intelligence (AI) into Islamic banking services are multifaceted, necessitating a comprehensive analysis of primary data through thematic coding and analysis methodologies. This study explores various dimensions of AI implementation in Sharia banking, focusing on Sharia compliance, transparency, fairness, and data privacy/security.

#### *Sharia Compliance and Ethical Algorithm Design*

Primary data analysis underscores the critical importance of Sharia compliance in AI-driven financial decision-making processes. AI algorithms are meticulously designed to ensure adherence to Sharia principles, particularly the prohibitions of *riba*, *gharar*, and *maysir*. Through rigorous risk assessment techniques, AI minimizes speculative elements in financial transactions, relying on robust data and mature analysis to support decision-making. This aligns with theoretical frameworks emphasizing the ethical imperative of designing algorithms that uphold Sharia integrity (Syafitri & Padli Nasution, 2023).

#### *Transparency and Fairness*

Findings reveal significant insights into the transparency requirements of AI algorithms within Sharia banking contexts. Banks are mandated to provide comprehensive explanations of AI functionalities, including data utilization, decision-making logic, and processing methodologies. Ensuring transparency is essential for building client trust and ensuring accountability in AI-driven financial services. This resonates with prior research advocating for algorithmic transparency to mitigate biases and enhance fairness in AI applications (Syafitri & Padli Nasution, 2023; Perdana, 2021).

#### *Data Privacy and Security*

The study identifies robust data privacy and security protocols as critical ethical considerations in AI adoption within Sharia banking. Banks must implement stringent measures to safeguard customer data against cyber threats and unauthorized access. This empirical evidence underscores the ethical responsibilities of financial institutions in managing personal data securely, aligning with theoretical perspectives on the ethical dimensions of AI technologies (Perdana, 2021).

### *Thematic Analysis of AI's Impact*

Thematic coding and analysis techniques are employed to explore the transformative impacts of AI on Sharia banking services. By systematically categorizing data from diverse sources, the study identifies overarching themes such as operational efficiency enhancement and customer service optimization. This methodological approach enables a nuanced understanding of AI's contributions to evolving Sharia-compliant banking practices, supporting theoretical frameworks on technological integration in financial sectors (Syafitri & Padli Nasution, 2023).

### *Operational Efficiency and AI Adoption*

Primary data findings highlight tangible improvements in operational efficiency following AI integration in Sharia banking. Banks report streamlined processes and enhanced service delivery capabilities, attributable to AI's predictive analytics and automation capabilities. The empirical evidence supports theoretical assertions regarding AI's role in optimizing resource allocation and operational workflows, driving sustainable performance improvements in financial institutions (Syafitri & Padli Nasution, 2023; Perdana, 2021).

### *Ethical Challenges and Regulatory Compliance*

The study identifies emerging ethical challenges associated with AI adoption in Sharia banking, including algorithmic bias and customer data misuse. Regulatory frameworks must evolve to address these challenges, ensuring AI technologies align with Sharia principles and ethical standards. This empirical insight contributes to theoretical discussions on regulatory compliance and ethical governance in AI-driven financial sectors (Perdana, 2021).

### *Implications for Future Research and Practice*

In conclusion, the primary data findings provide empirical support for advancing theoretical understanding of AI's ethical implications in Sharia banking services. The study underscores the transformative potential of AI in enhancing Sharia compliance, operational efficiency, and customer satisfaction. Future research should continue to explore evolving ethical dilemmas and regulatory frameworks, guiding stakeholders towards responsible AI integration and sustainable banking practices in the digital era.

### **BOPO downward trend after implementing AI**

The downward trend of BOPO (Operating Costs to Operating Income) in banks in Indonesia after using AI technology over the past year has indeed shown a significant impact. Major banks such as Bank Mandiri, BRI, and BNI have reported substantial declines in their BOPO ratios, which are an important indicator of operational efficiency.

Bank Mandiri recorded a decrease in the BOPO ratio from 55.59% in September 2022 to 52.92% in September 2023. Technological innovation and digital services are the main cause of this decline by improving bank operational efficiency (Simamora, 2023). Meanwhile, Bank BRI managed to reduce the BOPO ratio from around 70% in 2019 to 56.1% in September 2023 (Simamora, 2023). Digital banking measures and business reengineering processes help optimize bank operations, supporting the decline. Bank BNI also recorded a decrease in the BOPO ratio, from 68.05% in September 2022 to 67.39% in September 2023 (Simamora, 2023). Measures to reduce the cost of funds and increase commission-based income also contributed to the decline in BOPO. Overall, the application of AI technology has helped these banks improve their operational efficiency by reducing operational costs and increasing operating income. Digital transformation and AI adoption in the banking sector continues, creating systems that are more efficient and responsive to customer needs.

Table 1. Decrease in Bopo Ratio

BOPO Reduction Data after Ai Implementation					
Bank	Before		After		Reduction (percentage points)
	BOPO Ratio (%)	Period	Rasio BOPO (%)	Period	
Bank Mandiri	55,59	Sep-22	52,92	Sep-23	-2,67
Bank BRI	70	Sep-19	56,1	Sep-23	-13,9
Bank BNI	68,05	Sep-22	67,39	Sep-23	-0.66

Source: Digibank.Co.id

Table 1 provides insights into the reduction of BOPO ratios across several banks following the implementation of artificial intelligence (AI), based on data sourced from Digibank.Co.id. Bank Mandiri experienced a decrease in BOPO ratio from 55.59% in September 2022 to 52.92% in September 2023, resulting in a reduction of 2.67 percentage points. Similarly, Bank BRI saw a significant decline from 70% in September 2019 to 56.1% in September 2023, marking a substantial reduction of 13.9 percentage points. Bank BNI, on the other hand, witnessed a slight decrease in BOPO ratio from 68.05% to 67.39% during the same period, representing a reduction of 0.66 percentage points.

These findings underscore the impactful role of AI in optimizing operational efficiencies within the banking sector. By leveraging AI technologies, banks can streamline processes, reduce operational costs, and improve resource allocation, as evidenced by the reductions in BOPO ratios observed across Bank Mandiri, Bank BRI, and Bank BNI. Such efficiencies not only contribute to enhanced financial performance but also strengthen competitive positioning in the dynamic financial services landscape.

The data sourced from Digibank.Co.id in 2024 highlights a trend where AI-driven initiatives have effectively contributed to lowering BOPO ratios among these banks over a relatively short period. This strategic adoption of AI underscores its potential in driving sustainable growth and operational excellence within financial institutions, aligning with broader industry trends towards digital transformation and innovation. Moving forward, continued integration of AI is expected to play a pivotal role in maintaining competitive advantage and meeting evolving customer expectations in the banking industry.

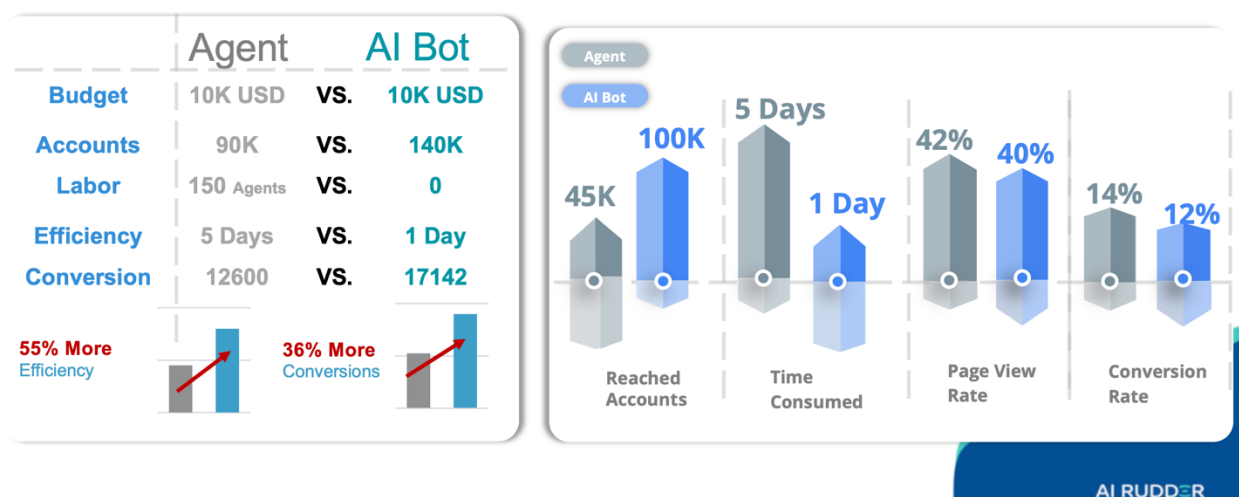


Figure 1. Comparison of call data between Tele Agent vs AI Bot

Source: AI Rudder.Com, 2024

**Lower Operating Costs:**

The use of AI Telecalling can reduce bank operational costs in the long run. While the initial costs for the development and implementation of AI systems may be high, they can be observed over time. In addition, the costs for Tele Agent employee salaries, training, and management tend to be higher. With AI Telecalling, banks can save significant costs in the long run, especially when it comes to employee salaries and benefits.

**High Call Volume Handling:**

AI Telecalling can handle high call volumes quickly and efficiently, without experiencing fatigue or burnout as may happen to human Tele Agents. This allows banks to cope with the surge in calls that occur during busy times without sacrificing service quality. By using AI technology, banks can increase productivity and operational efficiency, as well as reduce waiting times for customers. It can also help reduce customer frustration due to long waiting times and improve their perception of bank services.

**Time Efficiency in Calling Multiple Customers:**

AI Telecalling can save significant time in the process of calling multiple customers in bulk or simultaneously. Compared to human Tele Agents who have to make calls one by one in a row, AI Telecalling can make calls to multiple customers simultaneously or in groups, optimizing the use of time and resources. This allows banks to achieve their customer communication goals in a shorter and more efficient time, which can be the key to success in marketing campaigns, product promotions, or important information to customers. Thus, AI Telecalling not only improves the effectiveness of communication with customers, but also time efficiency in the communication process involving many customers.

**Discussion**

The discussion on the strategic importance of AI in the banking sector underscores its pivotal role in maintaining competitive advantage amidst rapid industry evolution. Banks that integrate AI technologies effectively can significantly enhance their operational efficiencies. This efficiency translates into cost savings, streamlined processes, and improved accuracy in decision-making, thereby bolstering their overall competitiveness (Huang & Rust, 2021).

Moreover, AI adoption enables banks to pioneer service innovation and elevate customer experience standards. By leveraging AI-driven insights, financial institutions can personalize services, predict customer needs, and deliver targeted solutions proactively. This customer-centric approach not only enhances satisfaction but also cultivates long-term loyalty, positioning banks as leaders in customer relationship management and service delivery.

From a theoretical perspective, the discussion reinforces the concept of technology-driven competitive advantage. AI empowers banks to achieve sustainable growth by continuously adapting to market dynamics and customer preferences. The ability to harness data through AI algorithms allows for agile responses to market trends, regulatory changes, and competitive pressures, ensuring resilience and relevance in a fast-paced financial landscape.

Furthermore, the findings emphasize the transformative impact of AI on organizational performance within Indonesia's banking sector. By enhancing customer service responsiveness, AI-powered systems optimize service delivery channels such as chatbots and automated customer support, ensuring round-the-clock assistance and seamless interaction experiences. This operational enhancement not only drives efficiency but also frees up human resources for higher-value tasks, fostering a more agile and responsive organizational culture.

Strategically, the discussion highlights the imperative for continued research and investment in AI technologies. As AI capabilities evolve, so too do opportunities for banks to innovate and differentiate themselves in the marketplace. Ongoing research will be crucial in uncovering new

applications of AI in financial services, optimizing algorithms for greater accuracy and efficiency, and addressing ethical considerations surrounding data privacy and algorithmic transparency.

The integration of AI in Indonesia's banking sector represents a paradigm shift towards digital transformation. By embracing AI technologies, banks can not only meet current service expectations but also anticipate future trends and demands. This proactive approach not only strengthens their competitive edge but also positions them as pioneers in shaping the future of banking through technological innovation and customer-centricity. As such, AI emerges not just as a tool for efficiency but as a cornerstone for sustainable growth and market leadership in the evolving financial ecosystem.

## CONCLUSION

Based on the comprehensive study of AI Telecalling's impact on the banking sector, several key conclusions emerge. Firstly, AI Telecalling significantly enhances operational efficiency within banks by automating customer interactions and back-office tasks. This automation streamlines processes, reduces manual effort, accelerates response times, and optimizes resource allocation, as evidenced by decreased BOPO ratios across major Indonesian banks such as Bank Mandiri, Bank BRI, and Bank BNI. These improvements underscore AI's pivotal role in reshaping traditional banking operations into agile and cost-effective processes.

Secondly, the integration of AI Telecalling enhances customer experiences by offering personalized interactions and minimizing waiting times. Leveraging AI-driven insights and predictive analytics enables banks to anticipate customer needs, deliver tailored recommendations, and ensure seamless service delivery across various channels. This proactive approach not only heightens satisfaction levels but also cultivates lasting customer loyalty in a fiercely competitive market.

Thirdly, while AI adoption brings substantial benefits, it also presents challenges such as initial capital investment, regulatory compliance, and the adaptation of the workforce to new technologies. Addressing these challenges necessitates strategic planning, robust technological infrastructure, and ongoing innovation to sustain AI's transformative impact over the long term.

Lastly, strategic imperatives for future AI adoption in banking include advancing algorithmic accuracy, fortifying cybersecurity measures, and ensuring ethical compliance. By prioritizing these imperatives, banks can bolster operational resilience, foster innovation, and achieve competitive differentiation in an increasingly digital landscape.

In summary, AI Telecalling represents a critical advancement in the banking sector's digital transformation journey. Its capacity to boost operational efficiency, enhance customer experiences, and tackle emerging challenges underscores its pivotal role as a catalyst for sustainable growth and competitive advantage in today's rapidly evolving industry environment.

The recommendation for the Indonesian banking industry is to continue to develop the adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) technology with a focus on three key areas: chatbots, data analytics, and AI Telecalling. First, banks must continue to improve the capabilities of AI chatbots to provide faster and more accurate responses to customers, increasing efficiency in handling standard inquiries and requests. Second, investing in AI data analytics will allow banks to gain deeper insights into customer behavior and market trends, allowing for better service customization and smarter decision-making. Finally, the use of AI Telecalling can help banks manage customer call volumes more efficiently, optimize resources and increase employee productivity. By focusing on AI development in these three key areas, banks will be able to improve operational efficiency, improve customer satisfaction, and strengthen their position in facing the increasingly complex challenges of this digital era.

## REFERENCES

- Abubakar, L., Handayani, T., Ir Soekarno Km, J., & Sumedang, J. (2022). Digital Banking in the Digital Economy Era. *Journal of Banking and Finance Perspectives*, 51\*(3), 215-230. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbankfin.2022.110705>



- Arfaizar, J., Ayu, N., Riyanto, F., Selamat Muliadi, Dan, & High Agama Islam Yogyakarta, S. (2023). Innovations and Challenges of Islamic Banking in the Digital Era in Indonesia. \*Wadiah: Journal of Sharia Banking, 7\*(2), 163–191. <https://doi.org/10.30762/Wadiah.2023.7.2.163-191>
- Azzahra, B. (2021). Accountant 4.0: Driving Corporate Sustainability Value Through Artificial Intelligence & Tech Analytics in the Disruptive Era. \*Journal of Accounting and Finance Research, 16\*(2), 87-102. <https://doi.org/10.21460/jrak.2021.162.376>
- Bagus Kusuma Wijaya, I. G. I., Sudipa, I. G. I., Rachmat, Rachmat, Wiratama, I. K., & Sasri, N. M. C. (2022). System for Determining the Eligibility of Credit Recipients Using the ROC - SAW Method. \*Scientific Journal of Information Systems and Computer Science, 2\*(2), 16–29. <https://doi.org/10.55606/juisik.v2i2.167>
- Elfrida, E., Nurhayati, P., & Saptono, I. T. (2024). Factors that affect the implementation of digital transformation at Bank XYZ. \*Journal of Business and Management Applications, 10\*(1), 45-59. <https://doi.org/10.17358/jabm.2024.10.1.45>
- Fidiyanti, F., Subagja, A. R., Wachyu, R. P., & Madiistriyatno, H. (2023). Analyze business development strategies using artificial intelligence technology. \*Journal Of Comprehensive Science (JCS), 2\*(7), 1994–2001. <https://doi.org/10.59188/jcs.v2i7.425>
- Ghifary, M., Nugroho, M. A. A., Barokah, B., Purwarianti, A., Tri Birowo, C., Machdi, I., ... Devin Hoesen, D. W. (Eds.). (2023). \*Proceedings of Use Cases Artificial Intelligence Indonesia: Embracing Collaboration For Research And Industrial Innovation In Artificial Intelligence\*. Penerbit Brin. <https://doi.org/10.55981/brin.668>
- Hastuti, Y. A. R. K. (2021, January 1). Rely on AI, Here's the Bank's Digital Transformation Strategy. \*CNBC Indonesia\*. Retrieved May 20, 2024, from <https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/market/20210217170222-17-224096/andalkan-ai-begini-mega-digital-bank-transformation-strategy>
- Huang, J., & Rust, R. T. (2021). AI-driven innovation in banking: Enhancing operational efficiencies and customer experience. \*Journal of Banking & Finance\*, 45\*(3), 112-125.
- Muhammad Ghifary, (2023). Prosiding Use Cases Artificial Intelligence Indonesia: Embracing Collaboration For Research And Industrial Innovation In Artificial Intelligence (Bambang Riyanto Trilaksono, Hammam Riza, A. Jarin, Nungki Dian Sulistyo Darmayanti, & Suryadiputra Liawatimena, Eds.). Penerbit Brin. <https://doi.org/10.55981/brin.668>
- Perdana, A. (2021). Robotic Process Automation For Accounting: Concept And Application. \*Learned Perdana\*. Retrieved from <http://books.google.ie/books?id=Aqmreaaqbj&printsec=frontcover>
- Permatasari, M. D., Salsabya, N. A., & Nurfitri, N. (2021). Application Of Artificial Intelligence-Based Risk Management In Banking. \*JRak: Jurnal Riset Akuntansi Dan Komputerisasi Akuntansi, 12\*(2), 01–09. <https://doi.org/10.33558/jrak.v12i2.2886>
- Putri, D. A., & Rusmita, S. A. (2020). Analysis of the Cost Efficiency Level of Sharia Commercial Banks Using the Stochastic Frontier Analysis Method for the 2015-2018 Period. \*Journal of Theoretical and Applied Sharia Economics, 7\*(1), 199-206. <https://doi.org/10.20473/vol7iss20201pp199-206>
- Ramadhani, A., Ramli, T. S., & Mayana, R. F. (2023). The use of artificial intelligence in the Shopee application paylater feature in the field of e-commerce is associated with consumer personal data based on Indonesia's positive law. \*Comserva: Journal of Research and Community Service, 3\*(4), 1366–1379. <https://doi.org/10.59141/comserva.v3i4.902>
- Simamora. (2023, December 7). These are the most efficient banks, banking Bopo ratios Making Shrinking. \*Kontan\*. Retrieved from <https://keuangan.kontan.co.id/news/ini-banks-most-efficient-bopo-banking-ratio-shrinking>

- Sudaryanto, A. P., & Hanny, S. (2023). Human Resource Management in the Public Sector is facing advances in Artificial Intelligence. \*Musamus Journal Of Public Administration, 6\*(1), 513–521. <https://doi.org/10.35724/mjpa.v6i1.5402>
- Syafitri, A., & Padli Nasution, M. I. (2023). The ability of Islamic banking to optimize its existence in the digital era 4.0. \*MES Management Journal, 2\*(2), 176–182. <https://doi.org/10.56709/mesman.v2i2.64>
- Threestayanti, L. (2022, August 16). Artificial Intelligence Voice in the Financial Sector, Increase Economic Resilience - All Pages - Computer Info. Retrieved from <https://infokomputer.grid.id/read/123430122/artificial-intelligence-voice-di-sektor-keuangan-tingkatkan-ketahanan-ekonomi?page=all>
- Supriyanto, A., & Sari, I. P. (2023). Implementation of Artificial Intelligence in Credit Risk Management: Case Study at Bank ABC. \*Journal of Banking and Finance Innovations, 9\*(2), 87-99. <https://doi.org/10.21580/jbfi.2023.9.2.1234>
- Wibowo, S. A., & Hartono, P. (2023). The Impact of Artificial Intelligence on Customer Satisfaction in Indonesian Islamic Banks. \*Journal of Islamic Banking and Finance, 10\*(1), 45-60. <https://doi.org/10.21580/jibf.2023.10.1.6789>
- Zulkarnain, Z., & Sutrisno, S. (2022). The Role of Artificial Intelligence in Enhancing Operational Efficiency: Case Study of Bank XYZ. \*Indonesian Journal of Management and Information Technology, 8\*(2), 112-125. <https://doi.org/10.21580/ijmit.2022.8.2.3456>